CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE.

RAY, MEDILL & CO., PUBLISHERS. OFFICE IN THE TRIBUNE BUILDINGS, 53 CLARK STREET. TERMS—EIGHT DOLLARS PER YEAR.

VOL. X. CHICAGO TUESDAY MORNING MAY 5, 1857. NO. 273.

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Steamer Indian.

The steamer Indian arrived at this port bringing Liverpool dates to the 24th ult.

The steamer Europa arrived out on the 21st from Britain.

Political news unimportant.

Cotton closed dull on Tuesday, prices easier.

Flour dull at 1s advance over previous rates.

Money market slightly more stringent. Consols closed at 93 for money; 93½@93¾ for account.

ENGLAND.

There is no political news of a decisive character. Just speculations in endless variety, was indulged in, as to the Ministerial programme for the new Parliament. Among the immediate home measures probable, were the following: the reform of the Island chancery and bankruptcy, continuance of the Board of Health, the rights of married women, medical reform, the general revision of the whole system of local taxation. It had been officially announced that Sir Evelyn Ronalds would succeed the Ministerial nominee for Speaker. The London Star closes the House as of Palmerston, 341, Derby-ites, 237; Reformers, 110; Liberal Conservatives, 55. The French Government has resolved to adopt the English system of transportation of criminals. The Grand Duke Constantine had arrived at Toulone and was received with the usual honors.

Spain—Madrid correspondence indicates that the Moderan difficulty presents fair chance of pacific arrangement.

The Neuchatel question was not settled in the Times correspondent states that a protocol had been drawn up but that the exact terms were kept a secret. The sense of it is said to be that the representatives of the four Powers declare that they have fixed their hope upon an arrangement between the Helvetic confederation and Prussia, by settling the question in dispute between them in the best way it could seem to their judgment. The Cantonal Government they have made to the contending parties for their acceptance, and strongly recommended them to do so, if, however, they refuse to accept the propositions and such refusal should be followed with measures of hostile character, the four Powers will do their best to prevent hostilities breaking out between the two nations. The Conference had re-assembled at Paris when existed hopes of an amicable settlement of the question in dispute.

The Kansas Election.

CINCINNATI, Sat. Morning, May 2.

The *Democrat* publishes a letter signed by several citizens of Lawrence, K. T., to Secretary Stanton, stating that if the following course will be adopted they will polls the election of delegates: Two persons—one from each party—selected from each district, to collect the registry list, to proceed together and register legal voters; the Probate Judge to correct the list thus made, and appoint judges of delegates to be made according to these returns. Four Judges of Election, two from each party, to be elected in each precinct. The names of three of said Judges are required on certificates, to enable them to act in the Convention.

Later advices say that Stanton declines the proposition.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, May 3.

The New Orleans mail of Saturday morning came in this evening.

Fire at Rushville.

ROCHESTER, May 1.

The Loder House was burned this morning. Loss $30,000; insured $12,000. It was owned by John Hemphill, of Wilmington Delaware.

Receipts of Flour and Grain.

OSWEGO, Friday, May 1.

The flour and grain receipts at this port since opening of navigation to May 1 were 30,000 barrels of flour, 110,000 bushels of wheat, 20,000 bushels of rye, and 5,600 bushels of barley.

Fire in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Sat. Morning, May 2.

Miss Sarah Bloom, who was supposed to have been burned in the unknown person found near Hamburgh, returned here yesterday, alive and well. There is no clue yet, either to the murdered or murderer.

Parliamentary.

HALIFAX, May 4.

The Provincial Parliament was prorogued Thursday.

The last act of the Superior House was to pass, by a very large majority, an act to give to the New York & London Telegraph Company the exclusive right for 50 years to land the submarine cables on the shore of this Province.

The Rail road Riot.

BALTIMORE, May 2—10 P. M.

The railroad riot is not yet fully quieted. The evening trains were sent out under a military guard, consisting of three companies that were ordered by the Governor. The bridge leading Jackson Bridge they were fired on by the rioters. The military returned the fire briskly, killing one rioter and wounding others. The trains then passed on.

New York News.

NEW YORK, May 4.

Richard H. Huntington was shot this evening and was instantly killed. He was an operator in the New York, Albany & Buffalo Telegraph office in Wall street, and belonged in Halifax.

The anniversary meeting of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions was held last evening in this city. The receipts of the year are reported to be upwards of $205,000, and their expenditures rising $218,000.

The Burdell Murder.

NEW YORK, May 4th.

The Burdell murder trial commenced to-day before the Court of Oyer and Terminer. A large concourse of people were present. Mrs. Cunningham was present with her two daughters, all dressed in mourning, but looking cheerful. Eckel was also present the whole day. Thus far the day has been chiefly spent in getting a jury. One hundred and fifty jurors were fined for non-appearance. Mrs. Cunningham's counsel pleaded not guilty, and demanded a trial on the indictment.

Judge Roosevelt's injunction in the matter of the police commissioners, was dissolved this morning leaving the new commissioners unable to make their appointments.

Dred Scott Case.

HARRISBURG, May 1.

The majority of the select committee of the Pennsylvania Senate, on the resolutions in the Dred Scott case, have made a lengthy and able report, accompanied with resolutions, to the effect that the opinion of the Supreme Court announces principles in palpable opposition to the judicial history of the Union, and in violation of the plain provisions of the Constitution of the United States; that the opinion, except on the question of jurisdiction, being delivered on a case over which the court admitted it had no jurisdiction, may be justly regard as obiter dictum, yet as judicial and imperative as law; that the five judges who concurred in the same opinion made a wanton attack on the sovereignty of the Free States, and an impotent attempt to nullify the established laws of the country, and by extra judicial action caused unnecessary excitement in the public mind in regard to the subject of Slavery, and thereby forfeited the confidence and respect due to their exalted station.

To-Day's Advertisem'ts.

WATCH FOUND.—ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON a GOLD Watch was found in the corner of Clark and Lake streets. Inquire at No. 53 Clark street and paying charges of advertising, it will be given up.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, FROM Pennsylvania, a situation in a Store or Office. Good recommendations can be given if required. Address P. O.

WANTED—$6,000 WORTH OF GOODS in the lumber business, in a well established town on a flourishing river within 100 miles of Chicago. Address Box 1, Chicago.

WANTED—A PARTNER TO ENGAGE in the lumber business, in a well established town on a flourishing river within 100 miles of Chicago. Address Box 1, Chicago.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY AN EXperienced and active man who can make himself generally useful. Address Box 1, Chicago.

WANTED—A SALESMAN, WHO IS well acquainted with the Dry Goods trade. Address Box 1, Chicago.

FOR RENT—A COMMODIOUS BARN suitable for a Stable, in Wabash avenue, near the Tremont House. Inquire of Ira Brown, Tremont House.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE OF CHURER & Sherman's Patent Fire and Burglar Proof Safes. Inquire of Ira Brown, Tremont House.

FOR SALE—A FINE BRICK RESIDENCE on Michigan avenue, with all the modern improvements. Inquire of Ira Brown, Tremont House.

FOR SALE—TWO GOTHIC COTTAGES, with Lots, on Michigan avenue, near Madison street. Inquire of Ira Brown, Tremont House.

FOR SALE—THREE HOUSES AND LOTS on Michigan avenue, near Madison street. Inquire of Ira Brown, Tremont House.

FOR SALE—A FINE BRICK HOUSE AND Lot, on Wabash avenue, near Madison street. Inquire of Ira Brown, Tremont House.

FOR SALE—A FINE BRICK HOUSE AND Lot, on Michigan avenue, near Madison street. Inquire of Ira Brown, Tremont House.

A GENTLEMAN OF LARGE EXPERIENCE in the business, and of the highest character, desires a situation as Book-keeper, or in some other capacity. Address Box 1, Chicago.

TO CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD CO. SUBSCRIBERS.

LOYALTY BUSINESS.—A BUSINESS MERCHANTS INSURANCE COMPANY OF PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND.

Strawberries, Evergreens, Etc.

Magill & Pickering,

Flour, Flour Mill for Sale.

Wanted.

Board and Boarding.

To Let or Lease.

For Sale.

General Notices.

Business Cards.

Notice to Railroad Co.'s and Contractors.

WM. TOOHY'S Coating House Desk Manufactory

Law School of the University of Albany.

J. H. REED & Co.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

144 and 146 LAKE STREET,

JOBBERS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF Paints, Oils, Glass, Dye-Stuffs,

MANUFACTURERS' GOODS, SURGICAL AND DENTAL INSTRUMENTS, &c.

The Latest Arrivals RICH SPRING GOODS, T. B. Carter & Co.

GARLAND'S TRUNK STORE REMOVED.

W. & G. S. WRIGHT,

Manufacturers of Trunks, Valises & Carpet Bags,

Amusements.

North's National Theatre.

Chicago Theatre.

Madame Anna de la Grange

Saturday Afternoon Concerts.

Shakspeare and his Cotemporaries

S. P. OLDERSHAW

ST. JOSEPH HOTEL,

NOTICE

Saturday Afternoon Concerts.

THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE, PUBLISHED BY RAY, MEDILL & CO., No. 53 CLARK STREET.

Terms—Cash in Advance.

DAILY TRIBUNE. Tuesday Morning May 5, 1857.

Departures of Railroad Trains From Chicago.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO. For Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, 7 P.M.—8.45 P.M.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN. For Toledo, Detroit and New York. 9.30—7.00 A.M. 3.30—8.45 P.M.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL. For Detroit, Niagara Falls and Boston. 9.15—7.45 A.M. 3.00—8.30 P.M.

CINCINNATI EXPRESS. For Lafayette and Indianapolis. 7.45 A.M.—8.30 P.M.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL. For Cairo, Mattoon and Cairo. 8.15 A.M.—8.15 P.M.

GALENA & CHICAGO UNION. For Rockford, Freeport, Galena, Dunleith and St. Paul. 9.00 A.M. 3.30—8.30 P.M.

DIXON AIR-LINE. For Fulton and Lyons. 10.00 A.M. For Sycamore and DeKalb. 10.00 A.M.—5.45 P.M.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY. 8.15 A.M. 4.45 P.M.

CHICAGO & MILWAUKEE. For Washington, Racine, &c. 9.30 A.M.—5.30 P.M.

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL & FOND DU LAC. For Janesville, Madison, Fond du Lac, Chilton and St. Paul. 7.30 A.M. 10.30 A.M. 5.30 P.M.

CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS. For Kansas and Nebraska. 11.40 A.M.—11.15 P.M.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & IOWA CITY. 9.00 A.M. 4.30 P.M. 11.00 P.M.

Lake Pepin Open.

We hear from the Upper Mississippi that the ice in Lake Pepin has given way, and that navigation is now uninterrupted from the Lake to St. Paul.

Proposition to Stanton—Thus Copy.

Will the Chicago *Times* be so candid as to publish the proposition submitted by the Free State men of Lawrence—Gov. Robinson at their head, to acting Gov. Stanton, in regard to voting at the June Constitutional Convention? If it does lies to let its readers see the proposition, will it give the reason for the suppression?

Election To-Day of Water and Sewerage Commissioners.

A Special Election will be held to-day, to elect a Water and a Sewerage Commissioner, to fill the places held by Messrs. Haines and Lind. A poll will be opened in each Ward, at the places named in yesterday's Tribune.

The friends of Messrs. Johnson and Moses held a meeting on the West Side on Friday night in regard to Water Commissioner. Mr. Johnson received the most votes at the Caucus. The friends of Mr. Haines took no part in the meeting. As the office is one in which the people of each Division of the City have an equal voice, there is nothing in the action of the Friday night meeting that should prejudice the voters of the North or South Division against Mr. Haines, who has proven himself a first rate Commissioner. Mr. Johnson, his competitor, is a very excellent man, and if chosen, will make a good Commissioner.

We presume there will be no serious opposition to the re-election of Mr. Lind, Sewerage Commissioner. Party politics will not enter into the election. Every citizen should attend the polls and vote. It will only take a few minutes to perform the duty. Go and vote.

CITY ITEMS.

APLOAT.—The steamer *Heron* has been raised and placed in the dry dock for repairs.

ABNER'S BENEFIT CONCERT.—On next Thursday evening Mr. Abner will give his benefit Concert without fail. See the programme in our advertising columns.

THE BREAK IN THE CANAL.—We last evening received the following telegraphic dispatch, which will greatly interest one portion of our readers:

OTTAWA, May 4, 1857.

EDITORS TRIBUNE:—Telegraphed you Saturday that the aqueduct had gone away, and it would probably take a week to repair. I learn this morning that they hope to get it repaired today. G. S.

INTERMEDDLING TO THE LAUGH.—To that class of the TRIBUNE's readers who believe that it is as well to be out of the world as out of the fashion, we would recommend the monthly letter of our New York Fashion Correspondent, a lady that knows herself perfectly posted in these matters. The letter will also be found quite readable for its gossipy news.

Look on the third page, inside, for the article.

G. D. HISCOX.

FOR LAKE SUPERIOR.—The fine steamer Lady Elgin, Capt. Tompkins, sails from this city to-morrow morning for Ontonagon and other ports on Lake Superior. She stops at Spencer & Co.'s dock, foot of State street, where she is taking on her cargo and from whence she starts. The Elgin, always a favorite steamer, is furnished up and looks better than ever; and no Captain has been more successful or better liked than E. H. Tompkins, in his Lake Superior trips.

PICKPOCKET ATTENTION.—Two young men, practical pickers, one of them with a collegiate education, and both thoroughly experienced in all branches of the pilfering business, would like to meet with an opportunity to settle in some healthy city, require the establishment of a first class Republican newspaper, with a jobbing office attached. The highest references given. Correspondence upon the subject is invited to "J. & R," care of Ray, Medill & Co., TRIBUNE Office.

LECTURE ON THE WAR.—Rev. Dr. Baird will give his lecture on the War between Russia and Turkey on Thursday evening next—exhibiting a large panorama of Sebastopol; and giving a minute description of the great battles fought. He will also speak of the causes of the war, its progress, termination and probable results. No man in the United States, certainly, has had the same opportunities for reliable information on the subject as Dr. Baird. We shall expect to see the church crowded to overflowing.

PICKPOCKETING.—On this evening Mr. William H. Hughes, a pedestrian of celebrity, announces that he will walk during one hundred consecutive hours. He commences at 4 o'clock P. M. to-day, in South Market Hall and his time will be up at 8 o'clock P. M. Saturday.

Mr. Hughes has entered into an agreement to give the proceeds of the exhibition to the Firemen's Benevolent Association in the event of his failing to complete his task, and a committee of firemen are to see that he accomplishes it fairly. The price of admission is fixed at 25 cents and visitors will be admitted at all hours.

ANOTHER BOAT FOUND.—The body of John O'Niel one of the ill-fated boat's crew, that went to the rescue of the crew of the *David Stuart*, was yesterday found floating in the Lake below the Illinois Central round-house. The deceased was 25 years old. All the clothes he had on when drowned, were on his body when it was found. A silver watch was found in his overhauls. The hands marked 10 minutes to 4 P.M., which was the time he went overboard. He has a sister North O'Neil, residing in Chicago. The deceased was a native of Antrim, Ireland.

We hear that Talcott, Emerson & Co, manufacturers of the Many Reaper and Mower, at Rockford, have offered to the Illinois Agricultural Society one of their combined Reapers and Mowers, to be given as a prize to the person raising the best piece of grain in the State. We have not yet heard the rules by which the grain was to be judged, which should be made known to our farmers soon. The Many machine stands high in the rank of harvesters, and the number passing through our city and over the Railroads, show somewhat the extent of its manufacture and use. We say, success to the liberal.

FIRE IN CLARK STREET.—The shed of the lot 21 o'clock last night, was caused by the burning of some small wooden buildings on Clark, between Taylor and Twelfth streets.

The fire broke out in the German saloon and boarding house, No. 434 Clark street, occupied by Heinrich Tieson, which was destroyed together with the New England House kept by Mr. Kirby, the German boarding house No. 432, and the boarding house No. 430, kept by Mr. Finney.

When our reporter left, the flames had not been checked by the firemen, and other buildings were probably destroyed. Owing to the confusion incident to the fire, and the intense of the hour, our reporter could obtain no further particulars.

LA GRANGE'S CONCERT.—La Grange may hot sight to a thin house, in consequence of the exceedingly disagreeable weather; but, in spite of the weather, she was in fine voice and delighted those who were so fortunate as to listen. We are at loss for terms in which to characterize her vocalization. At once so correct, so delicate, and, when occasion requires, so forcible—it can be fully appreciated only by those who know the difficulties she has conquered in arriving at that perfection which delights all who come within reach of her voice. To those who have not heard her it would be impossible to convey an adequate idea of her power, or of the sweetness of her voice with which the artist is endowed in such a lavish manner. Passing exceptionally, we do not believe that we have ever heard her equal.

The Concert in Farwell's rooms on Wednesday evening, which we trust, the tempo may be granted with a full equal to her deserving. Certainly those who do not attend, can not reasonably let blame the great concertist, who has taken so much pains and very small pecuniary remuneration to Chicago. There is but one La Grange now living.

Forwarding, &c

M. C. R. R. CO.

North Shore Line Steamboats.

W. A. BUTTERS & CO.

Sales by Auction.

COOK COUNTY LANDS

GREAT WESTERN DISPATCH

W. A. BUTTERS & CO.

Will Sell at Auction,

Fruit, Ornamental Trees,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GEO. G. GRUBB,

James A. Marshall,

Auction Sale

Household Furniture,

1857.

J. W. Bass & Co.,

STORAGE, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

S. A. Hatch,

Heaton, Haney & Co.,

Simeon Downing & Co.,

1857

The Western Transportation

Valentine Freight Express COMPANY.

FAST FREIGHT LINE

1857.

American Transportation Co.

NEW LINE OF PROPELLERS

Buffalo, Cleveland and Chicago Line.

1857.

1857.

GREAT WESTERN DISPATCH

FAST FREIGHT LINE.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD

Troy and Western Line of Canal Boats

Auction Sale

Household Furniture,

1857.

Lake Street, 197

FURNITURE,

JOHN WEST.

Enameled Chamber Suits,

JOHN WEST.

WARDROBES,

JOHN WEST.

BEDDING.

JOHN WEST.

CURTAIN SHADES.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.

Meteorological.—April, 1857.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

Chicago Produce Market.

New York Stock Market—May 4.

New York Dry Goods Market.

Washington News.

Fire at Rushville.

Receipts of Flour and Grain.

Fire in Cincinnati.

Parliamentary.

The Rail road Riot.

New York News.

The Burdell Murder.

Dred Scott Case.

Failures, Assignments, &c.

Cleared—May 3 & 4.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

Arrived—May 3 & 4.

Cleared—May 3 & 4.

COMMERCIAL.

CHICAGO WHOLESALE MARKET.

Friday Evening, May 4, 1857.

The market for Breadstuffs of all descriptions has been very heavy sales of Wheat and Corn. Flour is held above the views of buyers, and there is not much sold on the market; we therefore have few sales to report. The stability of Grain in place every week, is given by the following statement posted by the Board of Trade to-day as the amount in store Saturday:

Spring Wheat, bu	12,400
Winter Wheat, bu	1,000
Total Wheat, bu	13,400
Corn, bu	20,500
Oats, bu	1,500
Rye, bu	1,000
Barley, bu	1,000

Flour is dull and prices are nominally lower. We quote Spring Wheat at $1.30 and Corn at $1.05 per bushel. Receipts of flour by the R. R. Steamboat, from Montreal, of April 28th, which we are informed to-day, gives the following information:

Our market is heavy of flour, and all fancy offered is probably nominally lower. We quote Ohio fancy at $5.50@5.75, being nearly entirely of Barrel and Parcel, which are in demand for home trade, and Canadian fancy at $5.50, nearly, and somewhat extreme prices. The weather is very favorable for navigation.

Amount of Wheat in store at Toronto, April 25th, 117,726 bushels; amount of Flour, 1,000 barrels; Ashes, 1,000 barrels; Barley, 1,000 bushels; Peas, 1,000 bushels; Oats, 1,000 bushels; Rye, 1,000 bushels.

GRAND MARKET OF CINCINNATI.—From the Gazette of Saturday we gather the following, from which it will be seen the Corn crop is a matter of the highest importance to the Ohio Valley:

Flour—Receipts and sales of 2,700 barrels; Superfine sold at $5.50 for Bird and $5.62½ for Ohio; Extra sold at $5.75@6.00; Family sold at $6.25@6.50 per barrel.

Grain—Receipts and sales of 2,700 bushels Wheat at $1.30 for Ohio; Corn sold at $1.05 for Ohio; Rye sold at $1.10 per bushel.

Provisions—Receipts and sales of 100 pieces Beef at $10 per barrel; 100 pieces Pork at $16.50 per barrel; 100 pieces Lard at 8c per pound; 100 pieces Bacon at 7c per pound.

Whiskey—Sales of 200 bbls at 24c.

THE LOUISIANA SUGAR CROP.—According to the latest accounts, the prospect for the coming year is not quite so bright as promised to diminish the proportionate of the cane crop, and to a somewhat increased yield of the sugar per acre. No doubt the young cane was severely killed, but it is said to have recovered from the blow, or at least to a fair proportion of merchantable size.

Failures, Assignments, &c.

The following are the reported failures, assignments, &c., for the week ending the 3rd inst., copied from the New York Herald:

J. & W. Ross, Norway, Me., suspended.
J. V. Lott, Jr., Boston, Mass., suspended.
T. G. Nash, Walker Locks, Conn., suspended.
J. & J. Allen, New York, suspended; liabilities about $60,000.
J. H. Wheeler, New York city, suspended.
Henry Allen, New York city, suspended.
Thomas Ward, New York city, failed.
Van Valkenburg & Pratt, Troy, N. Y., failed.
Van Valkenburg & Pratt, Troy, N. Y., failed.
Edwards & Blackwell, Quincy, Ill., suspended.
E. D. Grant, Brooklyn, N. Y., assigned.
J. Stewart, Depew & Sons, Philadelphia, Penn., suspended.
Will Jones, Jones & Co., Philadelphia, Penn., suspended.
Alexander Grimes, Philadelphia, Penn., suspended.
Rev. Mr. Ingraham, of Boston, Mass., has resigned his pastorate of Bowdoin Square Church, and has accepted a call to a church in Cincinnati, Ohio.

Rev. Mr. Ingraham, of Boston, Mass.,

DAILY TRIBUNE.

No. 53 CLARK STREET.

CITY OF CHICAGO.

Tuesday Morning.....May 5, 1857.

Latter Day Spiritualism.

It has been wisely suggested that a Commission composed of the most unexceptionable men who can be found for the purpose, should be instituted to examine into the claims of what is popularly called Spiritualism, with a view to wrest that subject from the control of the half crazy mountebanks or the thoroughly corrupt knaves who now use it to delude the public and replenish their own pockets. We say "wisely suggested," because the day has passed in which the phenomena that are most illogically and unscientifically attributed to the agency of disembodied spirits, can be dismissed with—"Pshaw, it's only a humbug." The testimony upon the reality of the manifestations has become too strong to be disbelieved. Men whose reputation for veracity cannot be disputed—men who are far removed from the vulgar prejudices which control the unthinking, have assured the world, with the solemnity which befits the theme, that they have seen what they could not account for by the agency of any known law of matter—that inanimate objects have been, without the employment of any visible force, moved from place to place—that they have heard music brought out of an instrument when no player was near—that questions have been correctly answered by raps, spelling out the replies upon a table, they know not how. There is testimony enough verifying "manifestations" like these to convince the world that—"Pshaw, it's only a humbug," will no longer serve as sufficient explanation.

As usual with what men do not comprehend, these things are referred to a supernatural cause, and already we have a new religion, a new literature and a new code of morals built upon the basis of this pernicious delusion. What the philosophers have neglected, the masses have taken up, and convinced that there are at least means of direct communication with that world that lies beyond the present—that the doubts which oppress and the fears that torment the uninitiated searcher after the truth, ought no longer to exist—that they have messages direct from futurity—they are spreading their belief and their practices in every village in the land. It is time that the mystery connected with the phenomena that are unsettling the faith, corrupting the morals and turning the heads of thousands of victims, should be dissolved, and that, as far as possible, the agency of natural causes, in their production should be established. No sane man, we think, believes that the spiritual theory is tenable. No sane man can believe that the contradictory messages of which the foolish or boisterled women are delivered while in a "trance state," are messengers from the better world—that the table-tipping, rappings and guitar playings which the believers delight in producing as evidence to the skeptical, are proper employments for those who have shuffled off this mortal coil. But there are those who believe that we are beyond the limits of sense, who will stop at nothing that the designing or mistaken will crowd upon them. They are filling up the mad-house as a fearful rate. They are breaking away from the moorings in which Christianity left them and are giving themselves over to all manner of unclean imaginings and lecherous practices. It is for those that the mystery should be solved. We who can look confidently for the solution of the whole matter to come, by and by, being, in the meantime, content to abide in old beliefs and be content to old notions, can afford to wait. But the world owes something to those who have not the ability to resist the temptations of so specious a snare as the new delusion spreads for their feet.

Single Districts.

The Legislature of Ohio at its recent session has submitted to the people of the State as an amendment to the State Constitution, a proposition that hereafter counties shall be divided into single representative districts, where their population entitles them to more than one member of the Legislature.

The object of this is to equalize Representation, and to give the minorities in the large counties a voice in legislation. Hamilton county has eight Representatives and three Senators, all elected on a general ticket. The undue influence this gives Cincinnati politicians in the legislature has aroused the jealousy of the rural districts. A majority of the people of Hamilton county also desire single districts, as they are robbed out of their rights by a clique of political blackleg who pack the conventions. The amendment will prevail.

How Such Evidence.

How much evidence is it going to take to convince a certain class of journals, including the New York and Chicago *Times*, that enormous frauds have been intentionally committed by the census-takers in Kansas? We add to the pile already mountain high the following additional proof:

QUINCY, April 27th, 1857.

Eds. St. Louis Democrat—Last evening, the "census-taker of Leavenworth county" arrived in this city. No one knew his business here until the next morning, when he boldly announced himself as the census-taker for Quincy. He left for Wyandotte, and I left at the same time on horseback for Delaware City, a distance of twenty miles, arriving there about two o'clock in the afternoon, and at five o'clock I again met the "census-taker"—he having, since morning, taken the census of this city and Wyandotte, and rode about twenty-five miles. I was present when he read the following names, residents of this city, were given him: O. H. Macauley, P. H. Bassett, —— Hemphill, H. A. Bliss and C. Chadwick. They were all returned by him and recorded in his book. The published lists of the qualified voters of this district are before me, and not one of the above names appears. It is very strange that the officials should forget the names of the free state men, while not one of the pro-slavery men is omitted.

Lawrence is below the notice of these officials they do not even consider it worth while to have voting precincts in that city. It may not be that free state town is destroy of following the advice of Mr. Raymond, of the N. Y. Times, on the day of election, he must travel twelve miles to do it.

OTTAWA.—Geo. E. Walker is nominated as the pro-Slavery, and Mr. James Cogswell as the Republican candidate for Mayor.—A grand ball, for the benefit of Shabona, the old Pottawatamie Chief who befriended the whites so frequently in Northern Illinois in an early day, is to be given on the 18th, the proceeds of which will be used in paying the last instalment on the price of 40 acres of land, purchased for the use of the old soldier. Shabona, John H. Kinzie, G. S. Hubbard and others will be present.—A hint of the credit of the city to the amount of $10,000 for building a School House was voted yesterday.

☞ The Methodists were all—church north and church south, equally deceived in the fortune bequeathed to them by Wesley, and to these sublime doctrine taught them by the west of God.—*Chicago Press.*

One of the brightest "virtues bequeathed" by Wesley to his followers, was his life long testimony against American Slavery, which he denounced as the "sum of all villainies." Does the *Times* believe that transforming human beings—native born Americans, into articles of merchandise, is in accordance with "the sublime doctrines taught by the word of God?"

LEAVENWORTH ELECTION.—The Leavenworth correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* says that the Buffaloes will know what effect it would have upon their real estate to vest the control of their municipal affairs in other than their own partisans, and hence they permitted Adams, a Free State man, to be elected—yes, not only permitted, but in some instances, are known to have aided by their votes his election. He says that the result is no Free State triumph, and that the rejoicings are all premature.

SETTLED AT LAST.—The long pending law suit between Enoch Cushing (the ex-Attorney General) and Hungerford, in relation to the valuable property at the Falls of St. Croix, Wis., has been settled, and the parties now hold the disputed possession in common. We know not how many years the suit has been in Court, but long enough to exhaust the patience of all the judges and replenish the purses of half the lawyers in Wisconsin.

SPIRITUAL PARAPHERNALIA IN LA SALLE.—We learn by the La Salle papers that spiritual circles are held almost nightly in that city, and that many have become converts to the delusion, through the means of the strange sights and sounds produced at the meetings of the mediums.

QUINCY.—The last year's expenditure was $62,925. Present debt, over and above sinking fund subscription, $207,000. Estimated revenue for 1857, $75,000. Amount of property owned by city, $600,000.

CONGRESS.—Gov. Stuart has proposed to the proprietors of the ten acres of the present site of Jacksonville, you can secure a portion of the university of Illinois.

Douglas Propagating Slavery in the Methodist Church.

Some two weeks ago we published, from the Richmond (Va.) *Christian Advocate*, an extract from a long appeal to the Pro-Slavery brethren for money to build a strictly Pro-Slavery Methodist church in Washington. The article complained bitterly, that the Methodists in Washington were not intensely enough Pro-Slavery in feeling; that religious contact with brethren from free States had "exerted a malign and deleterious influence upon the minds of Southern born Methodists residing in Washington, touching the institution of Slavery, &c."

A pressing, urgent appeal was made to such persons as were "sound on the goose," for money, to establish a Pro-Slavery conventicle at the Capitol. The appeal was not made on evangelical, but on *political* grounds. It was not on a question of faith but of politics. The money was not wanted to advance the doctrines taught by Father Wesley, who denounced slavery as a "sin, as the sum of all villainies," but to build up and perpetuate at the National Capitol, that same villanous system of woman whipping and man oppressing. The object of the money was not to build a church to save sinners from hell, but to teach Saints that making merchandise of God's image was doing a holy thing. It was not to feed the lambs in the flock, upon the pure milk of the Word, but to fill their minds with hatred and all uncharitableness towards Northern people called in their cant "Abolitionists." It was to blacken the memory and overthrow the testimony of the founder of Methodism, on the question of human Freedom, that the money was wanted. In short, it was not the cause of Jesus CHRIST, but the cause of *John C. Calhoun* for which the appeal was made.

The *True Union* of Alabama, which copies it, remarks: "The object of this appeal must commend it *strongly to Southern sympathies.*" The same paper adds: "We take pleasure in noticing that our Senators, TOOMBS and BRAGGS, and our Representative DOWDELL and the Hon. STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS and other *friends* of the South (I. e. of Slavery,) have not *confined* their best to the advocacy of our rights (i. e. slavery spreading) on the floor of Congress, but are pressing into *every door open in Southern religious to promote our cause!*" (i. e. the cause of slavery spreading.)

The name paraded as subscribers to this pro-Slavery fund, all belong to violent Southern politicians. The name of no Northern man appears on the list, save that of Douglas. We look in vain for subscriptions from Cass, Bright, Toucey, Weller, Jones or Biglee—all Democratic Senators from Free States, and certainly as good Christians as the Senator from this State. Even Pierce, pious prince of doughfaces, contributed nothing. Washington is always full of Northern scribes, ready and mean enough to perform the most loathsome services for the negro-breeders, but it seems that none got quite so low down in their zeal for the spread of human Slavery as the representative of Illinois.

We have been led to writing the foregoing observations from reading the editorial in Sunday morning's *Times*. The editor makes a season assault upon this paper, because we copied the extract from the Richmond *Advocate* above mentioned, and drew what seemed to us a legitimate conclusion therefrom. The *Times* comments upon the motives of the TRIBUNE, but carefully refrains from publishing the extract in question, which was cowardly and meaning. No fair minded editor would be guilty of such a trick. Look at the matter: We found an article in a pro-Slavery Southern paper, addressing an ardent invocation to pro-Slavery men for money to erect and support an entirely pro-Slavery Church, to propagate pro-Slavery opinions. We observed that among the published lists of subscriptions the name of that of Douglas—the man others being notorious, we observed that he was italicised and he—ded as a special friend of the "South"—meaning of course slave spreading. We cut out and published a portion of the article, and appended thereto a few lines of comment; but we gave the reader the text to judge for himself whether the deduction drawn was a legitimate conclusion. But not so did the *Times*. It preached to its Sunday morning readers a long long homily upon the godliness of Douglas, and the wickedness of Chicago Republicans, but carefully suppressed the text from which it harangued! Why did not the *Times* publish the extract, and then explain away the meaning as much as it pleased? No, that would have neutralized the desired effect of its article; its sole comic indignation would have caused derision or disgust in the minds of the more intelligent portion of its readers. The *Times* is much given to vituperation. It is exceedingly unfair in its statements of facts. It nearly always garbles, mis-states, and suppresses the subject matter of a political controversy. But Pro-Slavery papers in free States, are obliged to sail under hypocritical colors. They dare not speak out bluntly, like the southern papers in favor of slavery. They are compelled to resort to equivocation, falsification, concealment, vituperation, ridicule and other dodges, to sustain themselves. A full confession of their real sentiments would instantly sink them, and their party, everywhere north of Mason and Dixon's.

But Douglas feels himself strong enough to discard disguises, in great measures. He is becoming more openly pro-slavery of late. Feels sure that he has little to hope for from the free States, and everything from the slave states, he covers himself with a thinner hypocrisy than formerly. Had he been consulted he would not have permitted the line of Missouri set up for him in the *Times*. Sophist as he is, undacious as he is, he would not say he subscribed the $100 from the promptings of religious feeling, or to propagate vital piety, but would confess, and then justify it, that the money was given to promote the cause of slavery—that it was a political gift, not a religious one. The man or paper in Chicago, that denies that Douglas is Pro-Slavery, slanders him, and is a mile him. His daily walk and conduct give the lie to such "Abolition" aspersions. Let the *Times* bewire, least its master may cry out "save me from my friends."

The Utah Question.

(Correspondence of the N. Y. Sun.)

WASHINGTON, April 25.

Utah is, Mr. Buchanan feels much more anxious about Utah than Kansas, for there is no Union party there to hang and bother civil war in Utah then in Kansas.

It is thought that Major Hales' new paper, *The Saints*, speaks upon a perfect knowledge of the intentions of the Mormons. It is stated that the management of that remote mountain-girdled Territory, A war with the Mormons must be a war of extermination. They about two-thirds the strength of Indiana, and can from thirty to fifty thousand hardy hunters, and the force necessary to storm their mountain fastness, and reduce to submission its religious-ly fanatical population, would be so great, that it would leave the rest of the Seminole war at least fifty millions behind. A force of ten thousand volunteers, besides all the aid that could be spared from the regular army, is the force that can alone take the field with any reasonable chance for success. Even then, it is questionable whether these concentrated Beasts would not swarm before them, like chaff, a form of ten or even twenty thousand men. The Mormons are about thirty thousand strong. The Mormons are about thirty thousand strong. The Mormons are about thirty thousand strong

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Legal Notices.

TRUSTEES' SALE.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN the payment of two promissory notes made and signed by Joseph Kunz, both bearing date of April 6, A. D. 1857, one for the sum of three thousand eight hundred and thirty eight dollars and eighty cents, payable in the two years after date, and the other for eight hundred and ninety eight dollars and twenty cents payable one year after date, at the request of the holders of said promissory notes, and in compliance with the provisions of a certain deed of trust executed by the said Joseph Kunz and his wife Sarah Kunz, on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1857, to the undersigned, Trustees, to secure the payment of said promissory notes, and duly recorded in the Recorder's Office of Cook County, State of Illinois, in book 67 of Deeds, page 341, the undersigned, Trustees, will sell at public sale, to the highest and best bidder for cash, at the north front door of the Court House in Chicago, at the hour of two o'clock, p. m., on Saturday, the ninth day of May next, all the right, title and interest of said Joseph Kunz and Sarah Kunz, his wife, in and to the following described lots and pieces of ground, situated and being in the City of Chicago, County and State aforesaid, to wit: Lots six (6), eight (8) and seven (7) in subdivision of lot eight (8), block forty-two (42), in Canal Trustees' subdivision of fractional section ten (10), Township thirty-nine north, Range thirteen (13) east, as bounded on the east by the City of Chicago, being the same property conveyed by Hodgson to the said Joseph Kunz, subject to the following described conditions and limitations, to wit: Lots one (1), eleven (11), twelve (12), and twenty (20), in R. Kaylee's subdivision of lot one (1), block forty-two (42), in Canal Trustees' subdivision of fractional section ten (10), Township thirty-nine (39), Range fourteen (14) in Joseph Kunz's subdivision of lots ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12), thirteen (13), fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16) and twenty-one (21), in block forty-two (42) in said R. Kaylee's subdivision, recorded in Book eighteen of Maps, in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said Cook county—being the same lots and the said lots in Joseph Kunz's subdivision, subject to the certain property by such parties as may be from time to time thereunto appointed by the said Trustees, and the expenses hereby incurred. At sale, will be sold at the time and place above specified. R. E. HOOPER, Chicago, April 29, 1857. Trustees.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR SALE of real estate. To the heirs, legatees and all others interested in the estate of Sarah Kunz, late of Cook County, State of Illinois, deceased, late of said County of Cook: Take notice, I shall apply to the County Court of Cook County, State of Illinois, at the City of Chicago, at the next June term of said Court to be holden at the Court House in the City of Chicago, in the said County of Cook, on the fourth Monday in June next, for an order of said Court, to sell the following described real estate situated in the city of Chicago, in said county, to wit: All that undivided one half of the north line of land purchased by Hugh Maher, from Jacob Beer & Wife, and Jacob Beer, by deed dated the 29th day of April, A. D. 1852, and recorded in Book 48 of Deeds, page 200, in the Recorder's office of said county, bounded on the north by the north line of said land, and land belonging to Jacob Beer, south seventy-six and sixty-one hundredths feet (76.61) to a point on the south line of said land, parallel with the north line of said land, west to the west line of said land, and east to the east line of said land, being on the east side of Clark street and part of the fractional quarter section of section ten (10), in township thirty-nine (39) north of range fourteen (14) east of the third principal meridian, commencing at the point where the said property intersects the north-west corner of the above described premises, thence south forty-one feet, thence east one hundred and ten feet, thence south forty-six feet, thence west one hundred and ten feet to the north line of said premises, thence north to the place of beginning. Garnished, hereinafter, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to pay the debts of the deceased, and the expenses of the said administration of said deceased, having been estimated and found insufficient for the payment of the debts due by said deceased, and the expenses of said administration, which said property I have set forth and specified in my petition to the said County Court of said County of Cook, and to which said petition reference is made for a more full and particular description of said premises, and the said lots and parts of lots, and the said property, and the said lots and parts of lots, and the said property, and the said lots and parts of lots, and the said property